



**RB-1345-46**

**Third Year B. Pharm. Examination**

**April / May – 2010**

**PH-303 : Medicinal Chemistry - I**

Time : Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

**RB-1345**

**Instruction :**

नीचे दशांशवले निशानीवाणी विगतो उत्तरवही पर अवश्य लपवी. Fillup strictly the details of signs on your answer book.	Seat No. :
Name of the Examination :	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text" value="T. Y. B. Pharm."/>	<input type="text"/>
Name of the Subject :	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text" value="PH-303 : Medicinal Chemistry - 1"/>	<input type="text"/>
Subject Code No. : <input type="text" value="1"/> <input type="text" value="3"/> <input type="text" value="4"/> <input type="text" value="5"/>	<input type="text" value="Student's Signature"/>
Section No. (1, 2,.....): <input type="text" value="1"/>	

- 1 (a) Draw the structure of following drugs and give their chemical name (any six) 6
- (i) Mebendazole
  - (ii) Ethionamide
  - (iii) Nor adrenaline
  - (iv) Penicillin G
  - (v) Atenolol
  - (vi) Cephalexin
  - (vii) Triprolidine
  - (viii) Sulphamethoxazole.
- (b) Name the ring system present in the structure and mechanism of action of following drugs (any five) 5
- (i) Pyrazinamide
  - (ii) Itraconazole
  - (iii) Methotrexate

- (iv) Pamaquine
- (v) Omeprazole
- (vi) Promethazine
- (vii) Zidovudine

**2 Attempt (any four) 12**

- (i) Define classical and non-classical bio-isosterism and explain with examples.
- (ii) Describe halogens used as antiseptic and disinfectant
- (iii) Give chemical classification of anti-amoebic drugs with examples.
- (iv) Explain the chemistry of prostaglandins
- (v) Describe the structural requirement for antimuscarinic activity.
- (vi) Differentiate between depolarizing and non-depolarizing neuromuscular blocking agents.

**3 Attempt (any two) 12**

- (i) Explain the chemical degradation of penicillin and the importance of pH in it.
- (ii) Describe the Analog based approach for drug discovery process.
- (iii) Give SAR of H<sub>1</sub> receptor agonistic and antagonistic drugs.

## RB-1346

### Instruction :

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Subject Code No. : <input type="text" value="1"/> <input type="text" value="3"/> <input type="text" value="4"/> <input type="text" value="6"/>	Section No. (1, 2,.....) : <input type="text" value="2"/>

4 Justify the following statements (any **five**) 10

- (i) Bulkier substituent on terminal carbon of acetyl group in Acetylcholine results in antimuscarinic activity.
- (ii) Nitro group in metronidazole is essential for anti-amoebic activity.
- (iii) Imidazole ring as in histamine is not essential  $H_1$  receptor agonistic activity.
- (iv) Strong acidic and basic condition affects the stability and activity of tetracycline
- (v) if the terminal primary amino group in epinephrine is replaced by smaller alkyl group  $\beta$  adrenoceptor activity increases.
- (vi) Sparfloacin has lowest photo toxicity amongst reported fluoroquinolones.

5 Attempt (any **four**) 10

- (i) Explain the role of cholinesterase enzyme and drugs antagonizing its effect.
- (ii) Classify with structures and mechanism of action of Anti-AIDS drugs
- (iii) Describe chemical classes of antimetabolites as anticancer agents.
- (iv) Classify with examples drugs used as immuno suppressant

(v) Classify antibubercular drugs and explain why drugs have been classified as first and second line agents.

(vi) Give the SAR for adrenergic agonist agents.

**6** Outline the synthesis and give IUPAC name of the following (Any **five**) **15**

(i) Chlorpheniramine

(ii) Ranitidine

(iii) Pyrimethamine

(iv) Isoniazid

(v) Isoprenaline

(vi) Chloramphenicol

(vii) Neostigmine

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